SAFETY DATA SHEET



STAINAWAY

ACTICHEM PTYLTD

Catalogue number: **AP810** Version No: **2.2** Issue date: **03/08/2022**

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	STAINAWAY	
Product code	AP810	
Pack sizes	1kg; 4.5kg & 10kg	
UN Proper shipping name	SODIUM CARBONATE PEROXYHYDRATE – contains Sodium Metasilicate Pentahydrate	

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Sanitizing, oxygenated destaining compound
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Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	ACTICHEM PTY LTD
Address	11 Gamma Close, Beresfield 2322 NSW Australia
Telephone	(02) 4966 5516
Website	www.actichem.com.au
Email	info@actichem.com.au

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Poisons Information Centre
Emergency telephone numbers	13 1126
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	6	
Classification	Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 4, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1B, Serious Eye Damage Category 1, STOT - single exposure Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation), Oxidising Solids - Category 3	
	Classification drawn from HCIS and ECHA C&L Inventory.	

Label elements

Hazard pictograms



SIGNAL WORD DANGER	
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Hazard statement(s)

H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H272	May intensify fire; oxidizer.

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Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P220	Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.
P260	Do not breathe dust.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P264	Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P301+P310+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
P303+P310+P361+P353+P363	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
P305+P310+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P304+P310+P340	IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.	
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use water to extinguish.	

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P403+P405+P233	Store locked up, in a well-ventilated place
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Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local government regulations

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
497-19-8	<10	sodium carbonate
10213-79-3	30-60	sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate
7758-29-4	<10	sodium tripolyphosphate
15630-89-4	30-60	sodium percarbonate

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Obtain medical advice / attention without delay. Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. If required, transport to hospital or doctor without delay. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: Obtain medical advice / attention without delay. Immediately flush body and clothes with large amounts of water, using safety shower if available. Quickly remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Wash skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre. If required, transport to hospital, or doctor.
Inhalation	If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Obtain medical advice / attention without delay. Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. If required, transport to hospital, or doctor, without delay.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor at once. Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed. If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

Alkalis continue to cause damage after exposure.

INGESTION:

Milk and water are the preferred diluents

No more than 2 glasses of water should be given to an adult.

Neutralising agents should never be given since exothermic heat reaction may compound injury.

Catharsis and emesis are absolutely contra-indicated.

Activated charcoal does not absorb alkali.

Gastric lavage should not be used.

Patients should be instructed to seek medical attention whenever they develop difficulty in swallowing (dysphagia).

SKIN AND EYE:

Injury should be irrigated for 20-30 minutes.

Eye injuries require saline. [Ellenhorn & Barceloux: Medical Toxicology]

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media	Small fire: Use flooding quantities of water. Do NOT use dry chemicals, Carbon dioxide or foam. Large fire: Flood fire area with water from a protected position.
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Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire incompatibility	None known		
Advice for firefighters			
Fire Fighting	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.		
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Oxidising solid - Will accelerate burning when involved in a fire. Non-combustible. May explode from heating, shock, friction or contamination. May ignite combustibles. Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard. May emit fumes of silicon dioxide (SiO2) and other poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes.		
HAZCHEM	1Y		

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills	Environmental hazard - contain spillage. Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment. Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust. Place in a suitable, labelled container for waste disposal.
M ajor Spills	Moderate environmental hazard - contain spillage. DO NOT touch the spill material Control personal contact by wearing protective clothing. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Recover product wherever possible. IF DRY: Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust. Collect residues and place in sealed plastic bags or other containers for disposal. IF WET: Vacuum/shovel up and place in labelled containers for disposal. ALWAYS: Wash area down with large amounts of water and prevent runoff into drains.
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

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Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. DO NOT allow material to contact humans, exposed food or food utensils. Avoid contact with incompatible materials When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Avoid physical damage to containers.	
Other information	Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. Store in a cool, dry area protected from environmental extremes. Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers. Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks. Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Store only in original container.		
Storage incompatibility	Avoid storage with reducing agents. Avoid, acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, and chloroformates. Avoid contact with copper, aluminium and their alloys. Avoid contact with combustible materials.		

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

(OEL) INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
sodium carbonate	Sodium carbonate	12 mg/m3	130 mg/m3	780 mg/m3
sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate	Sodium metasilicate pentahydrate	45 mg/m3	45 mg/m3	170 mg/m3
sodium tripolyphosphate	Sodium tripolyphosphate	0.22 mg/m3	2.5 mg/m3	620 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
sodium carbonate	Not Available	Not Available
sodium metasilicate, pentahydrate	Not Available	Not Available
sodium tripolyphosphate	Not Available	Not Available
sodium percarbonate	Not Available	Not Available

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering	Maintain adequate ventilation at all times. In most circumstances natural ventilation systems are adequate.		
controls	If ventilation is poor, then the use of a local exhaust ventilation system is recommended.		
Personal protection			
Eye and face protection	Chemical goggles. Full face shield may be required for supplementary but never for primary protection of eyes. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation. Lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly.		
Skin protection	See Hand protection below		
Hands/feet protection	Wear elbow length chemical gloves. Natural rubber or nitrile are recommended for this application.		
Body protection	See Other protection below		
Other protection	Overalls. P.V.C. apron. Barrier cream. Skin cleansing cream. Eye wash unit.		
Thermal hazards	Not Available		

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	White powder		
Physical state	Divided Solid Powder	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit(%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	10.5-11
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

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SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	e section 7	
Chemical stability	Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7	
Conditions to avoid	ction 7	
Incompatible materials	section 7	
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5	

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to such irritation can cause further lung damage. Inhalation of dusts, generated by the material during the course of normal handling, may be damaging to the health of the individual. Persons with impaired respiratory function, airway diseases and conditions such as emphysema or chronic bronchitis, may incur further disability if excessive concentrations of particulate are inhaled. If prior damage to the circulatory or nervous systems has occurred or if kidney damage has been sustained, proper screenings should be conducted on individuals who may be exposed to further risk if handling and use of the material resulting excessive exposures.
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be harmful; animal experiments indicate that ingestion of less than 150 gram may be fatal or may produce serious damage to the health of the individual. The material can produce chemical burns within the oral cavity and gastrointestinal tract following ingestion.
Skin Contact	The material can produce chemical burns following direct contact with the skin. Skin contact is not thought to produce harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives using animal models). Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.
Eye	The material can produce chemical burns to the eye following direct contact. Vapours or mists may be extremely irritating. If applied to the eyes, this material causes severe eye damage.
Chronic	Repeated or prolonged exposure to corrosives may result in the erosion of teeth, inflammatory and ulcerative changes in the mouth and necrosis (rarely) of the jaw. Bronchial irritation, with cough, and frequent attacks of bronchial pneumonia may ensue. Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result in disease of the airways involving difficult breathing and related systemic problems Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying with cracking, irritation and possible dermatitis following.

Toxicological effects of ingredients

sodium carbonate	Acute toxicity	Oral LD50 (rat) 2800 mg/kg
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause mild irritation
	Eye damage/irritation	Irritant. May cause pain, redness, discomfort
	Respiratory/skin sensitization	Not sensitizing
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Not genotoxic
	Carcinogenicity	No Data Available
	Reproductive toxicity	Not toxic to reproduction
	STOT (single exposure)	No data available
	STOT (repeated exposure)	No data available
	Aspiration toxicity	No data available
sodium metasilicate	Acute toxicity	LD50 Oral - rat - 847 mg/kg
pentahydrate	Skin corrosion/irritation	Corrosive. Causes skin burns
	Eye damage/irritation	Corrosive. Causes eye burns
	Respiratory/skin sensitization	No Data Available
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Sodium silicate was not mutagenic to the bacterium E. Coli when tested in a mutagenicity bioassay
	Carcinogenicity	There are no known reports of carcinogenicity of sodium silicates.
	Reproductive toxicity	Decreased numbers of births and survival to weaning was reported for rats fed sodium silicate in their drinking water at 600 and 1200 ppm.
	STOT (single exposure)	Dust corrosive to respiratory tract
	STOT (repeated exposure)	No Data Available
	Aspiration toxicity	No Data Available
sodium tripolyphosphate	Acute toxicity	Oral LD50 (rat) 2000 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 (rat) 390 mg/kg Dermal LD50 (rat) 4640 mg/kg
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Not a skin irritant
	Eye damage/irritation	no adverse effect observed (not irritating)
	Respiratory/skin sensitization	no adverse effect observed (not sensitising)
	Germ cell mutagenicity	No adverse effect observed (negative)
	Carcinogenicity	This product does not contain any ingredient designated by IARC, NTP, ACGIH or OSHA as probable or suspected hum carcinogens
	Reproductive toxicity	No Data Available
	STOT (single exposure)	No Data Available
	STOT (repeated exposure)	No Data Available
	Aspiration toxicity	No Data Available

sodium percarbonate	Acute toxicity	Oral LD50 (rat) 1034 – 2000 mg/kg
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Mild irritant (Rabbit).
	Eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye damage
	Respiratory/skin sensitization	Not a skin sensitizer
	Germ cell mutagenicity	No adverse effect observed in tests conducted
	Carcinogenicity	Not a carcinogen
	Reproductive toxicity	Unlikely to be toxic to reproduction
	STOT (single exposure)	No Data Available
	STOT (repeated exposure)	No Data Available
	Aspiration toxicity	No Data Available

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

	Endpoint	Duration (Hr.)	Species	Value
sodium carbonate	LC50	96	Fish	300-mg/L
	EC50	48	Crustacea	-156.6-298.9mg/L
	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	242-mg/L
	NOEC	48	Crustacea	<424-mg/L
sodium metasilicate,	LC50	96	Fish	210mg/L
pentahydrate	EC50	48	Crustacea	-22.94-49.01mg/L
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	207mg/L
	EC0	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	35mg/L
	NOEL	120	Algae or other aquatic plants	2.172668-mg/L
sodium percarbonate	EC50	48	Crustacea	=4.9mg/L
	NOEC	48	Crustacea	=2mg/L
sodium tripolyphosphate	EC50	48	Crustacea	>70.7-<101.3mg/L
	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	69.2mg/L

On the basis of available evidence concerning either toxicity, persistence, potential to accumulate and or observed environmental fate and behaviour, the material may present a danger, immediate or long-term and /or delayed, to the structure and/ or functioning of natural ecosystems.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
sodium carbonate	LOW	LOW

Bio accumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
sodium carbonate	LOW (LogKOW = -0.4605)	

Mobility in soil

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Ingredient	Mobility
sodium carbonate	HIGH (KOC = 1)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Duadwat / maskaning diamagal	Recycle containers whenever possible.
Product / packaging disposal	Product residues and containers should be disposed of in accordance with local government regulations

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Lubeis Required	
	OND ZING CORROSVE CORROSVE 8
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	1Y

Land transport (ADG):

UN Number	3378		
UN proper shipping name	SODIUM CARBONATE PEROXYHYDRATE contains Sodium Metasilicate Pentahydrate		
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 5.1 Sub risk 8		
Packing group			
Environmental Hazard	Not applicable		
Special precautions for user	Special provisions Not applicable Limited quantity 1kg		

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SODIUM CARBONATE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5 Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6 Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

SODIUM METASILICATE, PENTAHYDRATE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

SODIUM TRIPOLYPHOSPHATE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

SODIUM PERCARBONATE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5 Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6 Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Schedule

Revision Date	03/08/2022
Initial Date	08/12/2016

SDS Version Summary

Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated	
2.1	28/01/2021	Sections 2, 5, 11, 12, 15, 16 have been updated or corrected	
2.2	03/08/2022	Sections 2 and 5	

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources such as the ECHA C&L Chemical Inventory, HSNO (CCID) New Zealand, AICIS and HCIS Australia

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Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA; Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit IARC: International Agency for Research on Cance ACGIH: American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit

Immediate Danger to Life or Health Concentrations IDLH:

OSF: Odour Safety Factor NOAEL: No Observed Effects Level TLV: Threshold Limit Value Limit Of Detection LOD: OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: Bio Concentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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